#### CSE 167

#### Discussion 7

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## Announcement

Project 4 due Friday 2pm

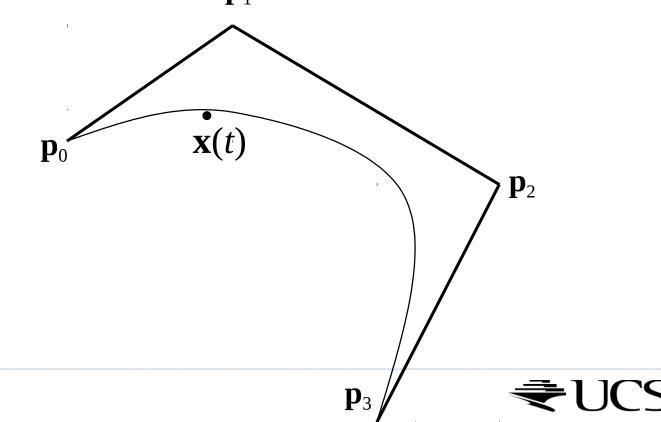
- Late grading for Project 4 is extended an extra week due to Thanksgiving
- Start preparing for midterm + final project!



# Cubic Bézier

#### **Defined** by four control points:

- Two interpolated endpoints (points are on the curve)
- $\hfill\square$  Two points control the tangents at the endpoints  $$p_1$$



Recursive Linear  
Interpolation
$$q_{0} = Lerp(t, \mathbf{p}_{0}, 1)$$

$$q_{1} = Lerp(t, \mathbf{p}, \mathbf{p}, \mathbf{p})$$

$$q_{1}^{2} = Lerp(t, \mathbf{p}, \mathbf{p}, \mathbf{p})$$

$$q_{2}^{2} = Lerp(t, \mathbf{p}, \mathbf{q}, \mathbf{q})$$

$$p$$

$$x < r_{0} < p_{1}$$

$$p$$

$$p$$

$$p$$

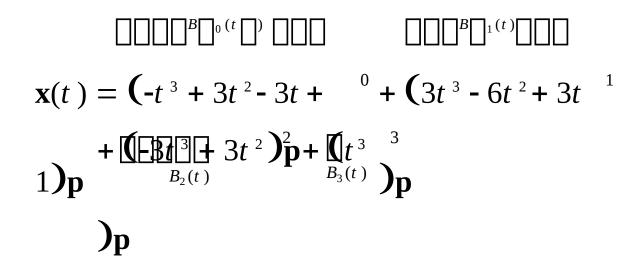
$$p$$

$$p$$

$$p$$

$$p$$

## Equivalently...





# Cubic Polynomial Form

Start with Bernstein form:

$$\mathbf{x}(t) = (-t^{3} + 3t^{2} - 3t + 1)^{0}\mathbf{p}$$
<sup>1</sup> + (3t^{3} - 6t^{2} + 3t) + <sup>3</sup>

$$(-3t^{3} + 3t^{2})\mathbf{p} + (t^{3})\mathbf{p} + (3p_{0} - 6p_{1} + 3p_{2})t + (-3p_{0} + 3p_{1})t + (p_{0} + 3p_{1} - 3p_{2} + p_{3})t + (-3p_{0} + 3p_{1})t + (p_{0} + 3p_{1} - 3p_{2})t + (-3p_{0} + 3p_{1})t + (p_{0} + 3p_{1} - 3p_{2})t + (-3p_{0} + 3p_{1})t + (p_{0} + 3p_$$

### Good for fast evaluation

- Precompute constant coefficients (a,b,c,d)
- 6 Can also write as a matrix, which is even faster

Global

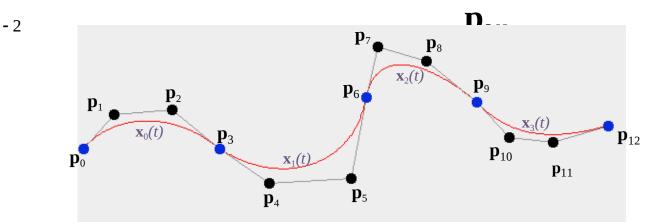
Perivenet cuizet segments  $\mathbf{x}_0(t), \mathbf{x}_1(t), \dots$ 

 $\mathbf{x}_{N-1}(t)$   $\Box$  Each is parameterized for *t* from 0 to 1

Alternate solution: u defined from 0 to 1

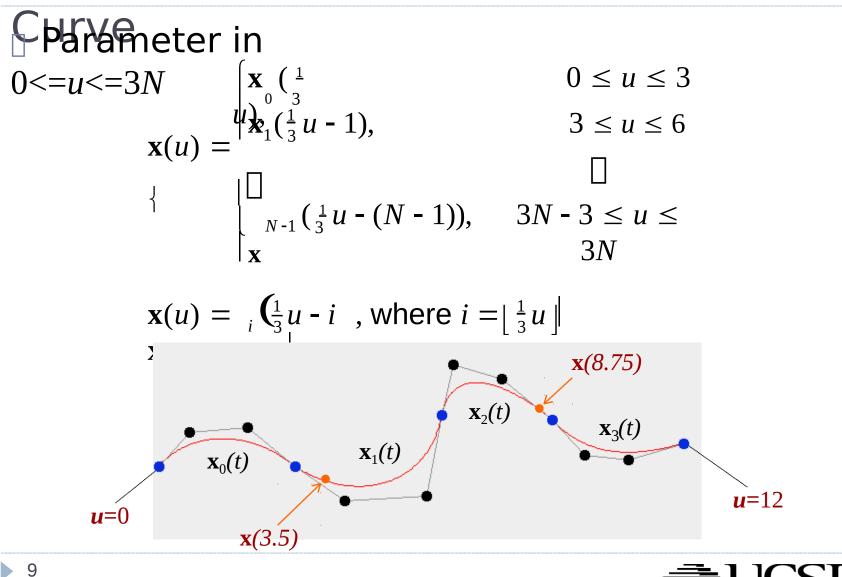
## Piecewise Bézier

- Given  $\mathbb{B}N + 1$  points  $\mathbf{p}_0$ ,  $\mathbf{p}_1$ ,  $\Box$ ,  $\mathbf{p}_{3N}$
- Define N Bézier segments:





## Piecewise Bézier

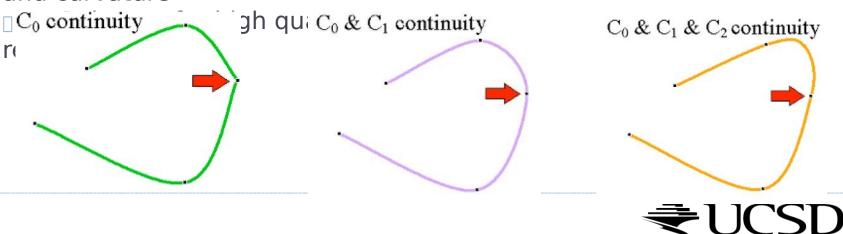


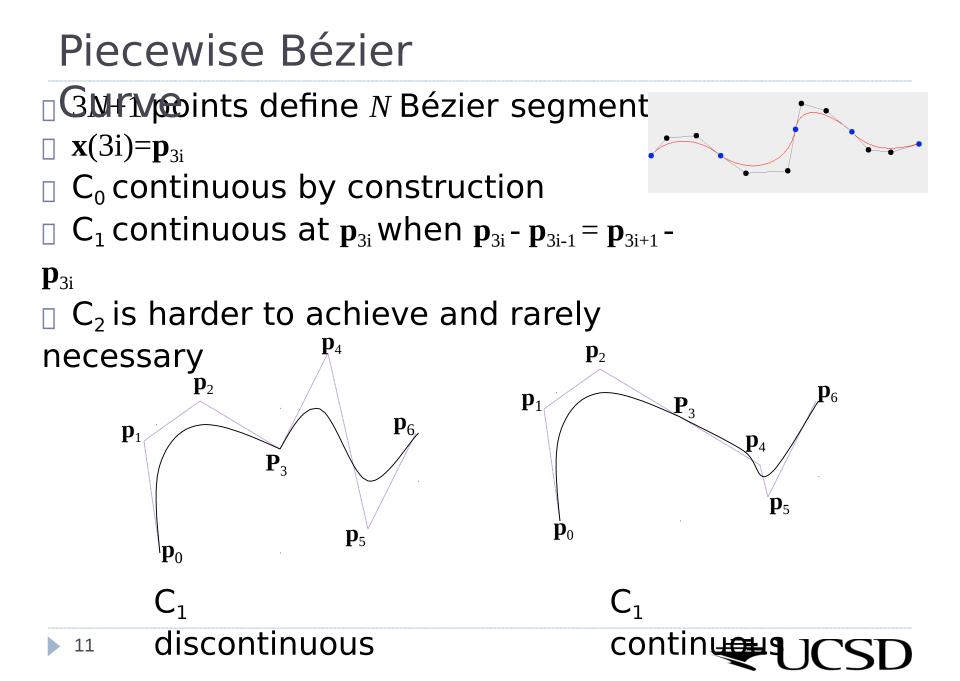
# Parametric Continuity

- C<sup>o</sup> continuity:
  - Curve segments are connected
- C<sup>1</sup> continuity:
  - C<sup>o</sup> & 1st-order derivatives

#### agree

- Curves have same tangents
- Relevant for smooth shading
- C<sup>2</sup> continuity:
  - C<sup>1</sup> & 2nd-order derivatives agree
  - Curves have same tangents
  - and curvature





# **Recommended Structure**

- Use your scene graph code from Project 3, and implement some new Geometry subclasses:
- BezierCurve
  - Has a GetPoint(t) method
  - Should draw N sampled points from the curve (project requires N >= 150)
  - Should also draw its own control points
- Track
  - Contains 8 children BezierCurves
  - Supports keyboard controls for editing control points
  - Should draw control handles: lines through related control points, which are not all owned by any single BezierCurve



# More tips

- We can precompute the sampled points inside each BezierCurve, and only update them when that curve is updated.
- Draw lines/points by passing GL\_LINE\_STRIP/GL\_POINTS instead of GL\_TRIANGLES to glDrawElements/glDrawArrays
  - see docs GL\_LINE\_STRIP draws a line for each adjacent pair, GL\_LINES draws a lines for the pairs (0,1), (2,3), ...
- A clean way to enforce C1 continuity is to implement more Geometry types
  - Example 1: AnchorPoint and TangentPoint subclasses of Geometry
  - Example 2: ControlHandle subclass of Geometry



# Sphere Movement

- We want the sphere to move at a constant velocity *and* stay on the track.
- Pick any point on the track (e.g. a control point) as the initial location. Always keep track of what line segment we're on.
- Calculate the distance to travel in the current frame (frame\_distance = velocity \* delta\_time)
- If traveling this distance keeps the point on the same line segment, we're done.



# Sphere Movement

- Otherwise, travel to the end of the current line segment. Subtract the distance traveled from frame\_distance. Then move on to the next line segment (which we're now on the initial point of).
- Repeat until frame\_distance = 0.
- You also need to handle the case where the sphere moves across different pieces of the track. It's conceptually exactly the same (two adjacent line segments) but requires a bit of extra bookkeeping if you structure your code using BezierCurve objects.

