

CSE 167 Fall 2019

Discussion 5

Project 3

- Project specifications [HERE](#)
- DUE Friday Nov 1 at 2pm
 - ☐ CSE Basement 260/270
- Features to implement:
 - ☐ Scene Graph
 - ☐ Animated Robot
 - ☐ Robot Army
 - ☐ Culling

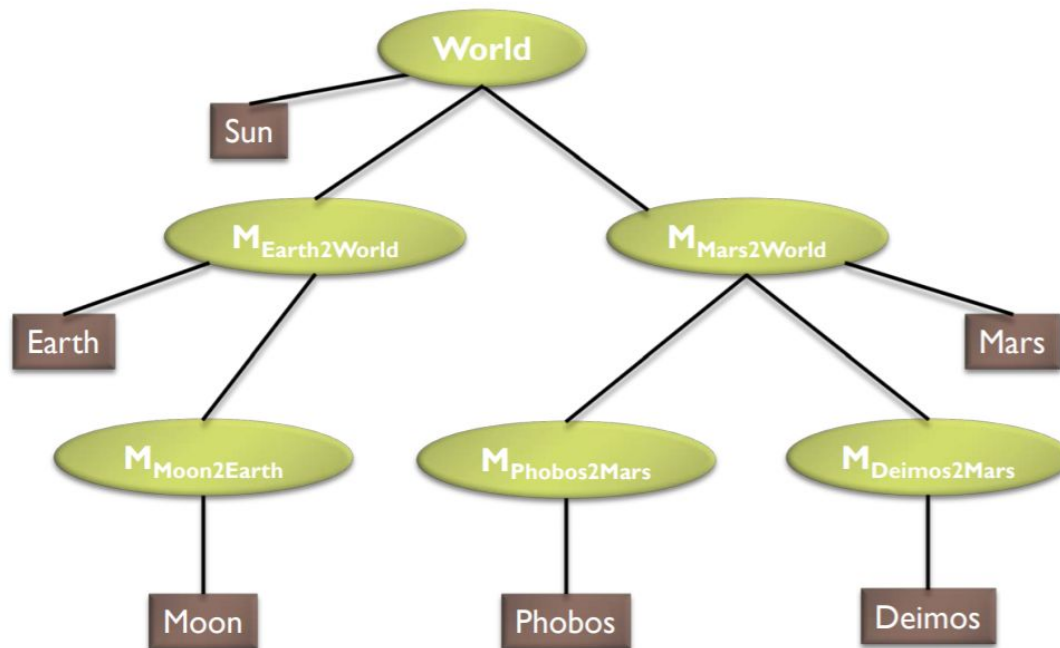
Overview

- Scene Graph
 - Review and Implementation
- Creating your Robot
- Animating Robot
- Creating Robot Army



Scene Graphs

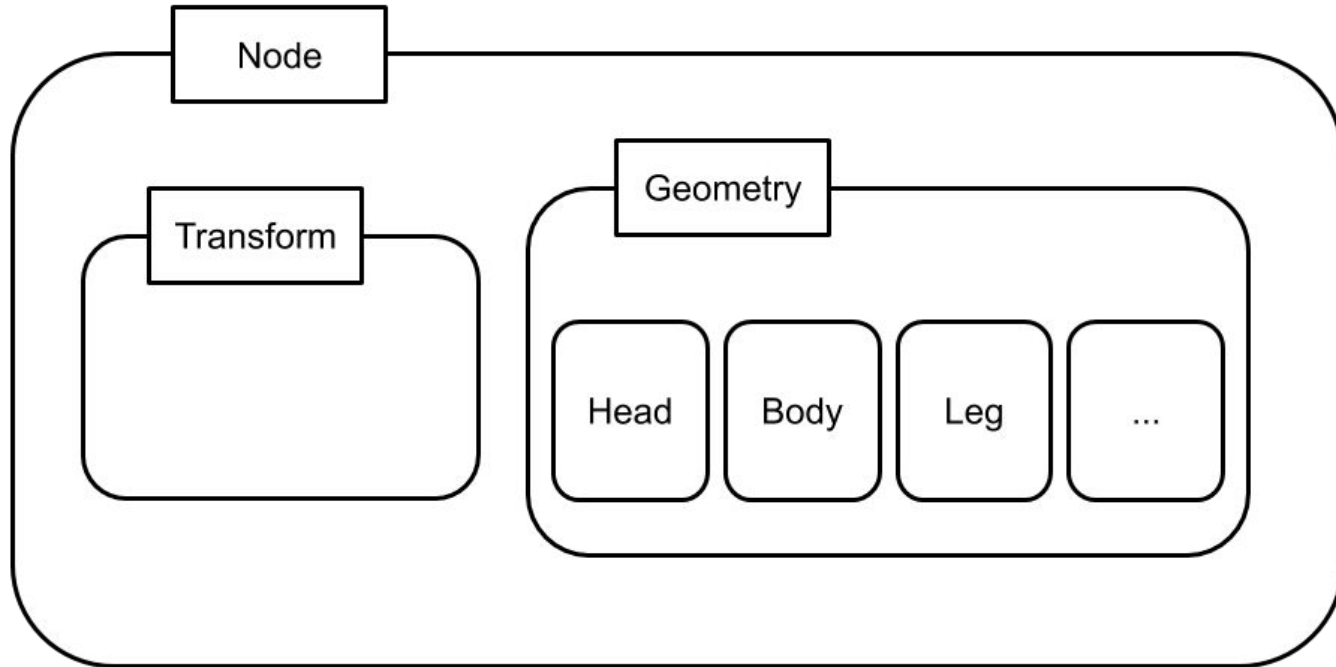
Scene Graph



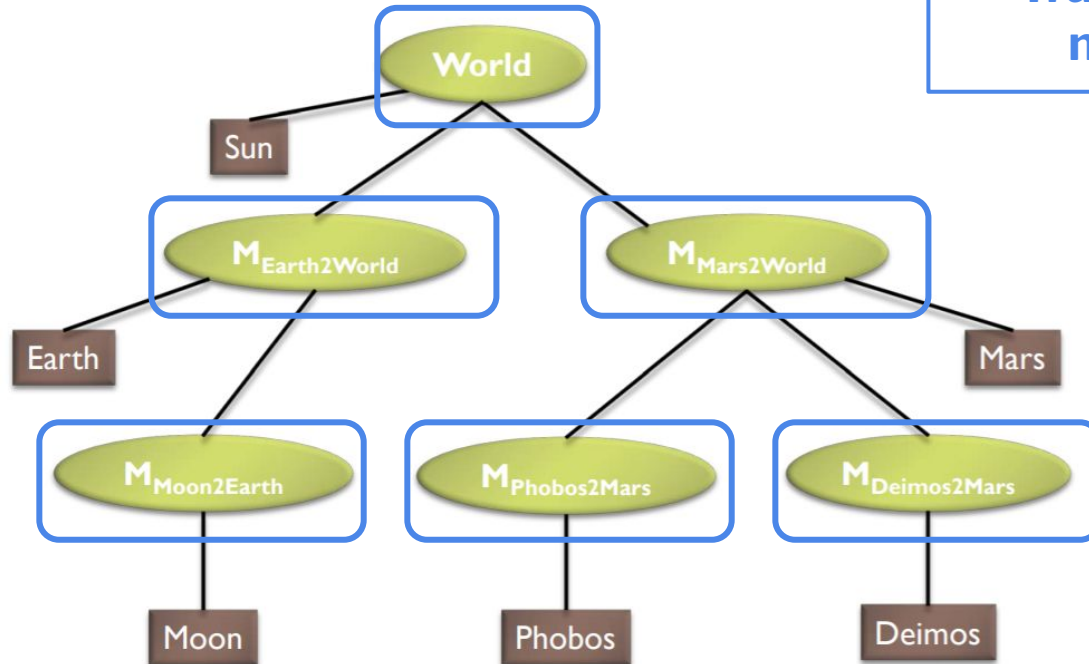
Scene Graph

- Need 3 classes:
 - Node class
 - Base class with a virtual void draw and update functions
 - Transform class
 - Responsible for transformations
 - Geometry class
 - Similar to your PointCloud class
 - Responsible for drawing the objects
- Will create either a Transform or Geometry type object

Scene Graph Hierarchy



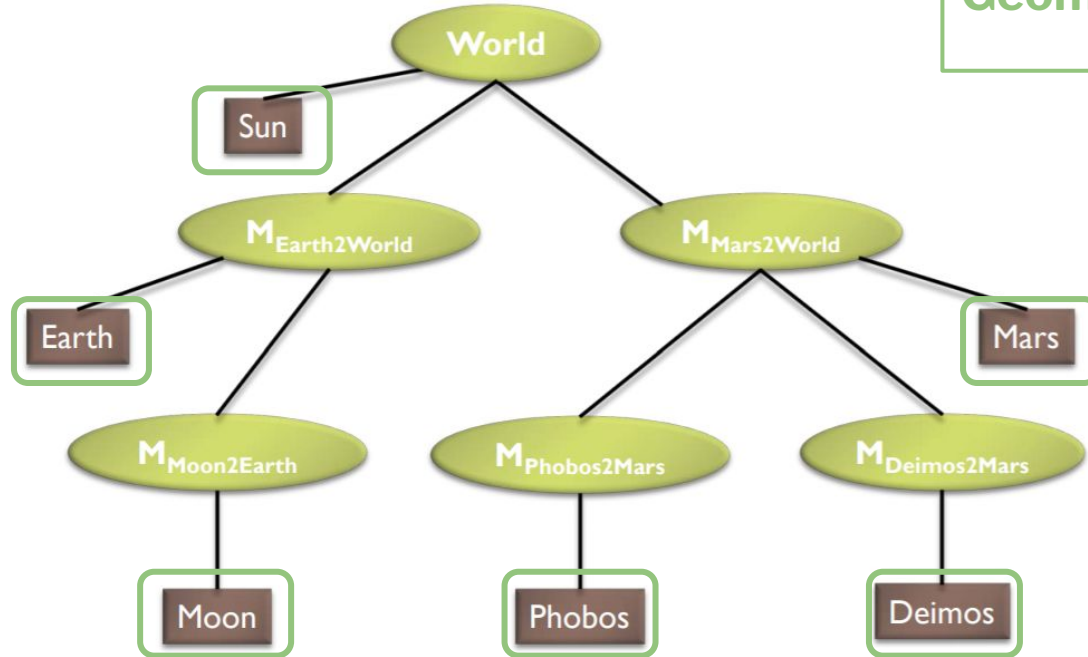
Scene Graph



Transform
nodes

Scene Graph

Geometry nodes



Node Class

- Abstract base class
 - Need to set up the functions that you want both Geometry and Transform classes to have

```
class Node {  
public:  
    virtual void draw(GLuint shaderProgram, glm::mat4 C) = 0;  
    virtual void update(glm::mat4 C) = 0;  
};
```

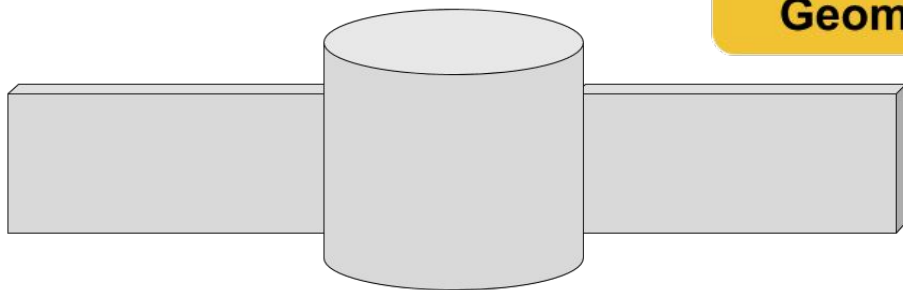
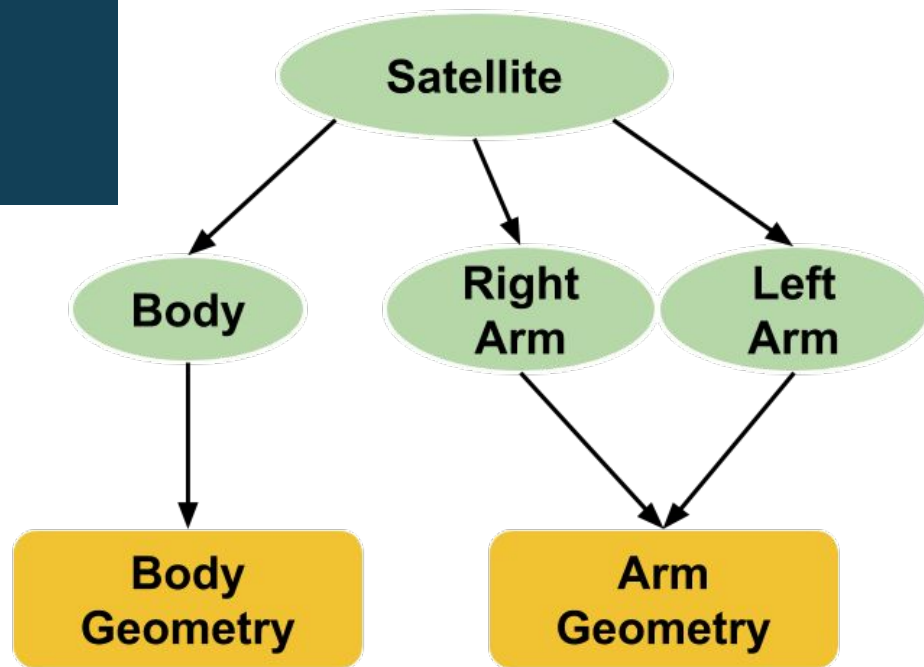
Transform Class

- Derive from Node class
- Functions:
 - draw & update (b/c inheriting from Node)
 - addChild
- Member variables:
 - Transform matrix
 - Matrix that places object relative to parent
 - List of child Nodes

Geometry Class

- Derive from Node class
- Can take straight from PointCloud.cpp
- Functions:
 - draw & update (b/c inheriting from Node)
 - Load, parse... any helper functions you may have had
- Member Variables:
 - model
 - VAO, VBO(s), EBO...
 - Points, normals, indices...

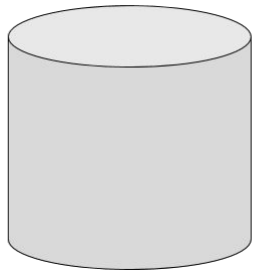
Scene Graph



Scene Graph Building

```
ArmGeo = new Geometry("arm.obj")
```

```
BodyGeo = new Geometry("body.obj")
```



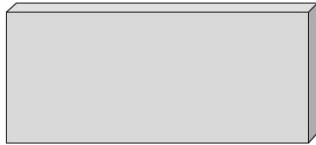
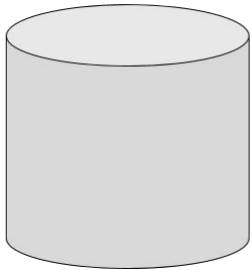
**Body
Geometry**

**Arm
Geometry**

Scene Graph Building

```
Satellite = new Transform(I)
```

Satellite



**Body
Geometry**

**Arm
Geometry**

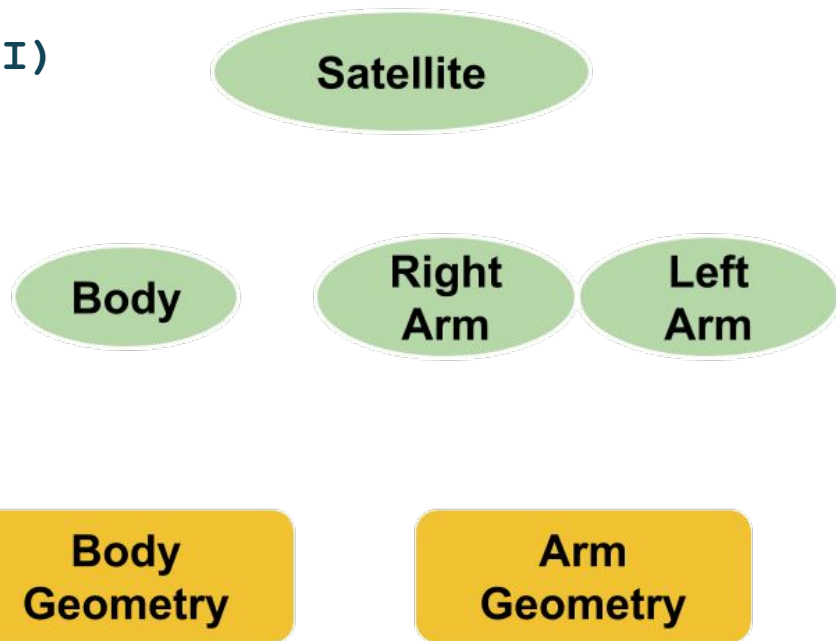
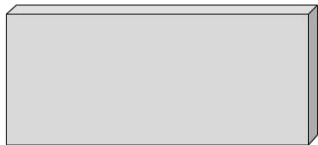
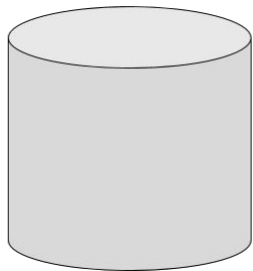
Scene Graph Building

```
Satellite = new Transform(I)
```

```
Body = new Transform(T1)
```

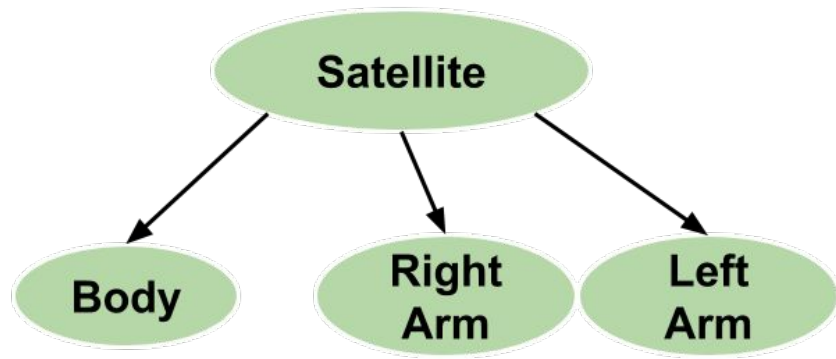
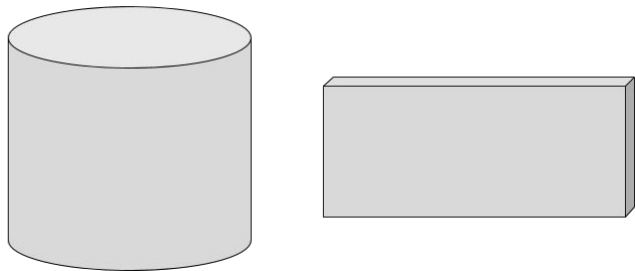
```
Rarm = new Transform(T2)
```

```
Larm = new Transform(T3)
```



Scene Graph Building

```
Satellite.addChild(Body)  
Satellite.addChild(Rarm)  
Satellite.addChild(Larm)
```

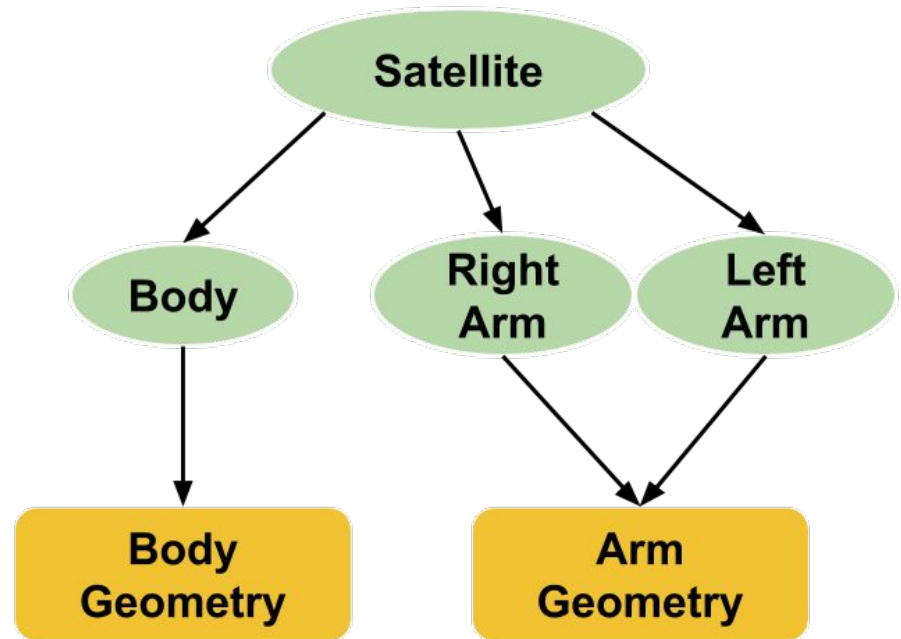
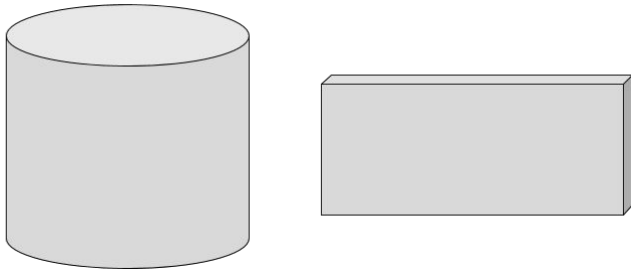


**Body
Geometry**

**Arm
Geometry**

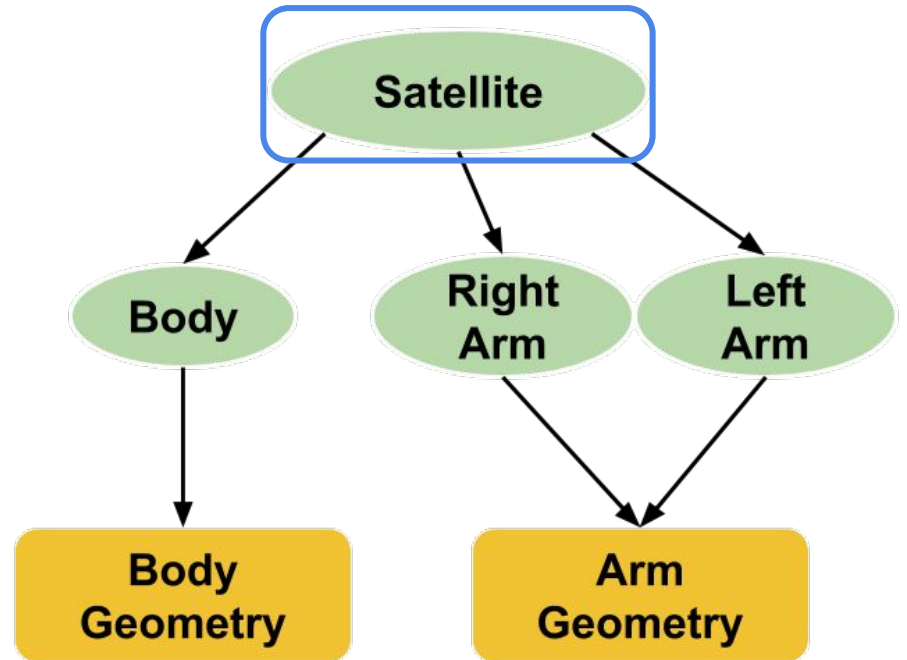
Scene Graph Building

```
Body.addChild(BodyGeo)  
Rarm.addChild(armGeo)  
Larm.addChild(armGeo)
```



Scene Graph Drawing

`Satellite->draw()`



Scene Graph

Drawing

- Job of Transform's draw call is to make sure that all its children get drawn
 - Loop through all kids
 - Call draw on all kids

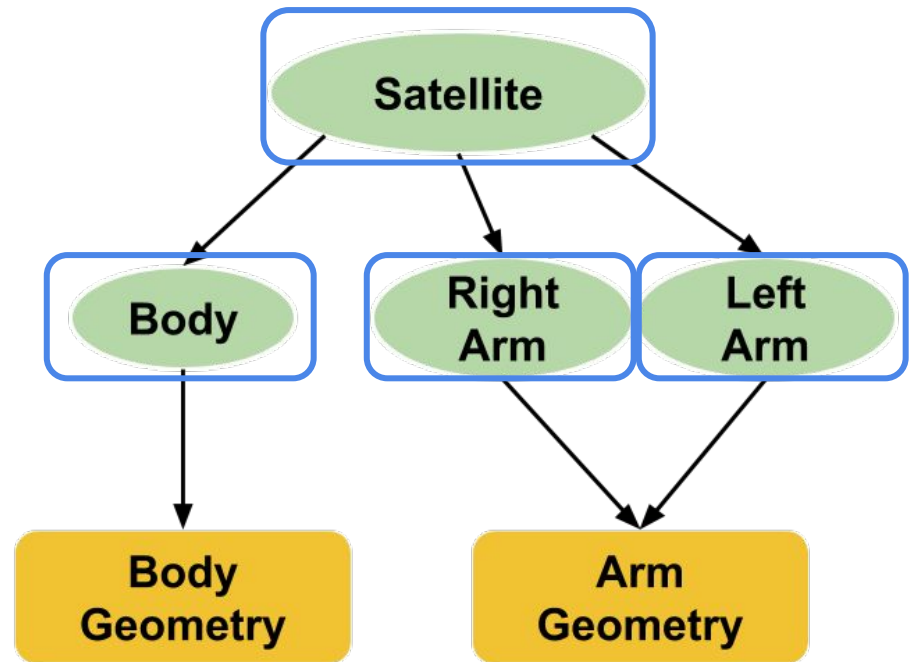
Scene Graph Drawing

`Satellite->draw()`

\Rightarrow `Body->draw()`

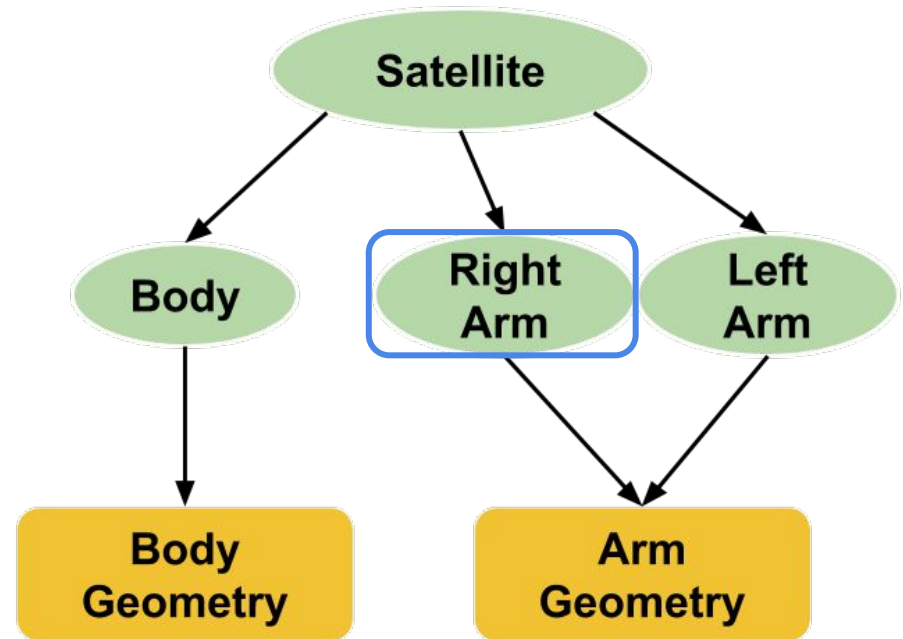
\Rightarrow `Rarm->draw()`

\Rightarrow `Larm->draw()`



Scene Graph Drawing

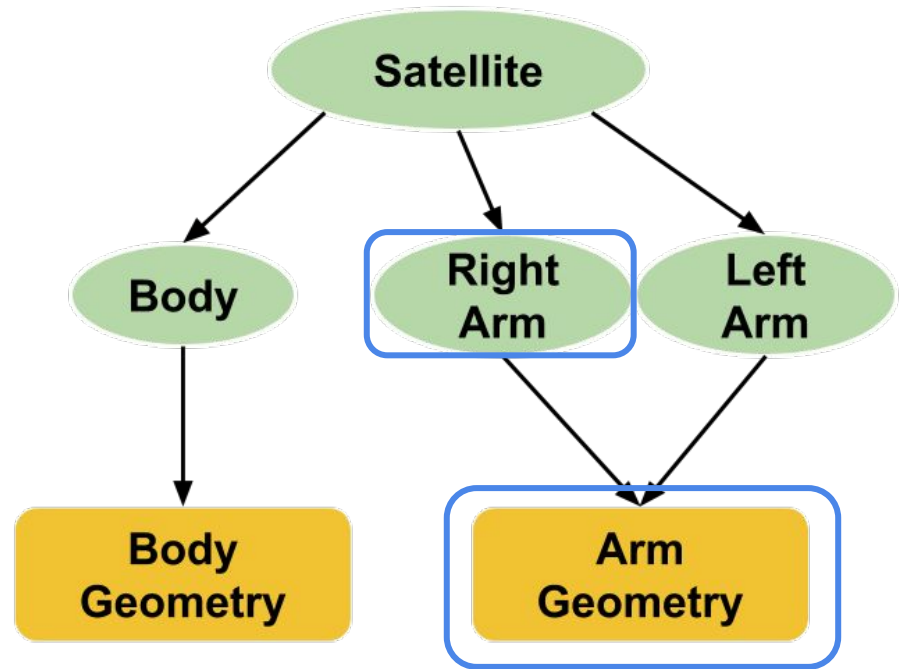
`Rarm->draw()`



Scene Graph Drawing

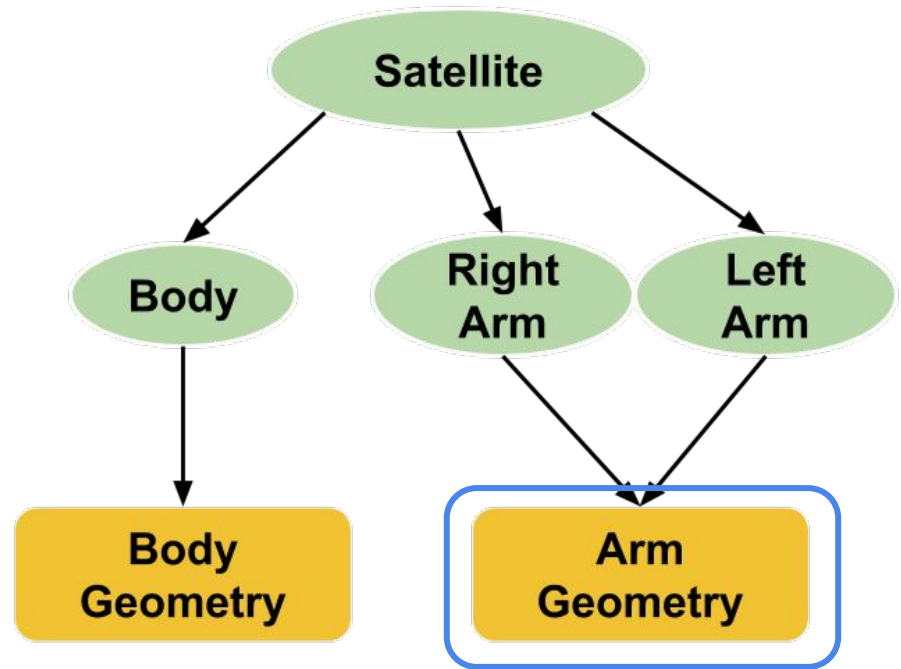
`Rarm->draw()`

\Rightarrow `armGeo->draw()`



Scene Graph Drawing

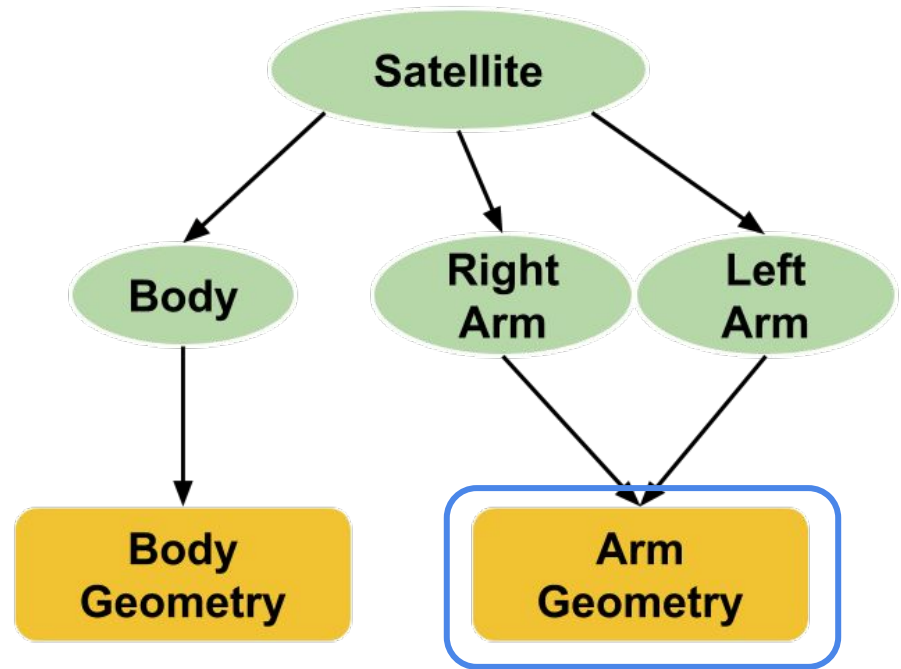
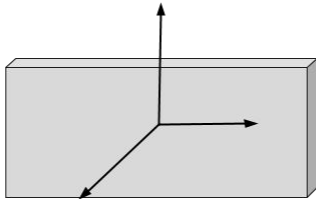
`armGeo->draw()`



Scene Graph

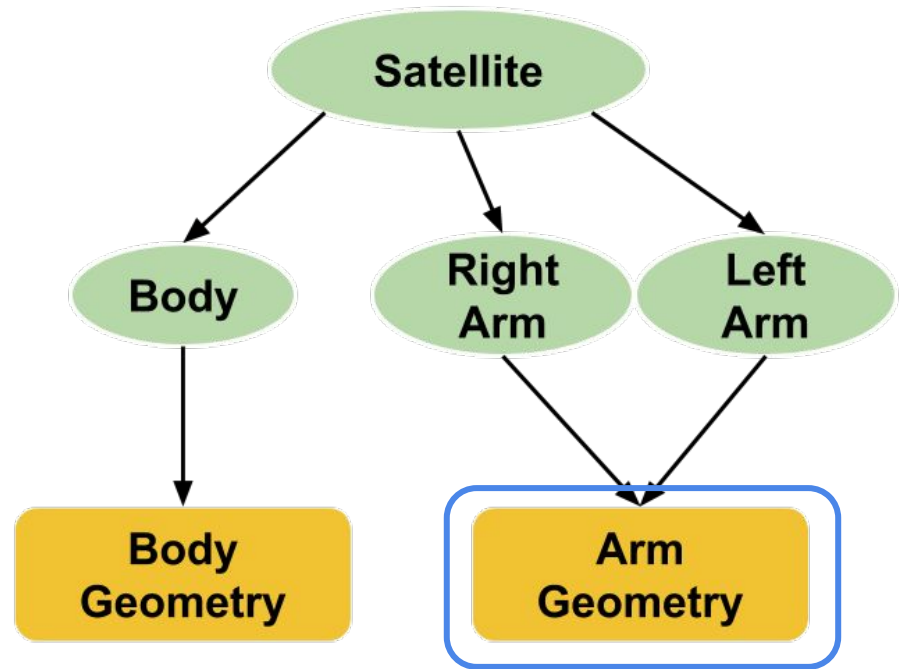
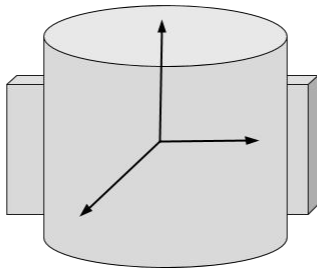
Drawing

```
armGeo->draw()  
=> glDrawElements(...)
```



Scene Graph Drawing

```
armGeo->draw()  
=> glDrawElements(...)
```



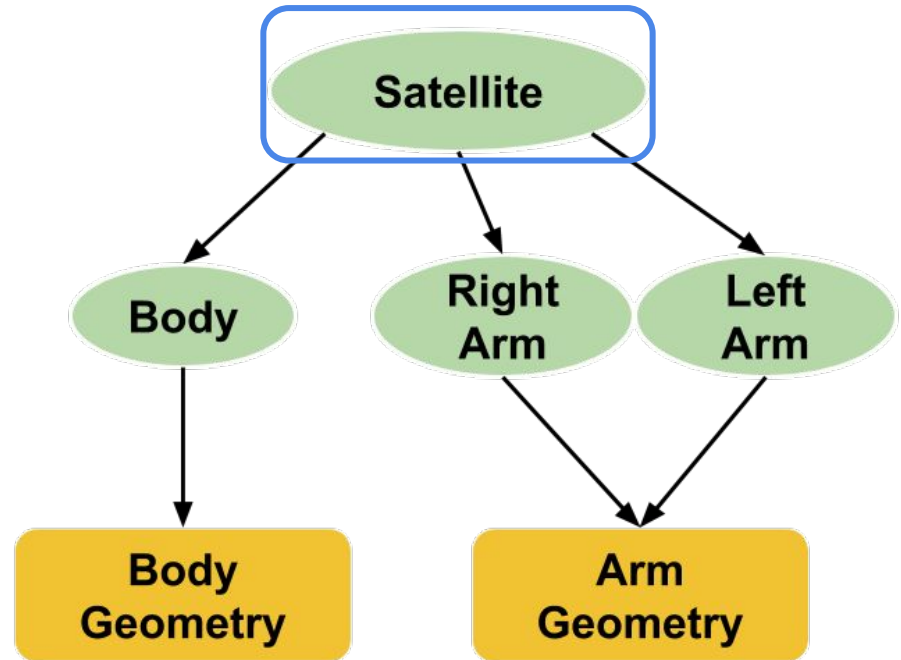
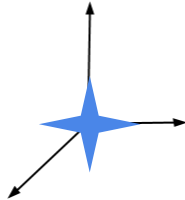
Scene Graph

Drawing

- Job of Transform's draw call is to make sure that all its children get drawn **in the correct position**
 - Loop through all kids
 - Call draw on all kids
- Need to make sure pass along your transform so the child knows where to go
 - Pass down an updated matrix in the draw function

Scene Graph Drawing

Satellite->draw(X)



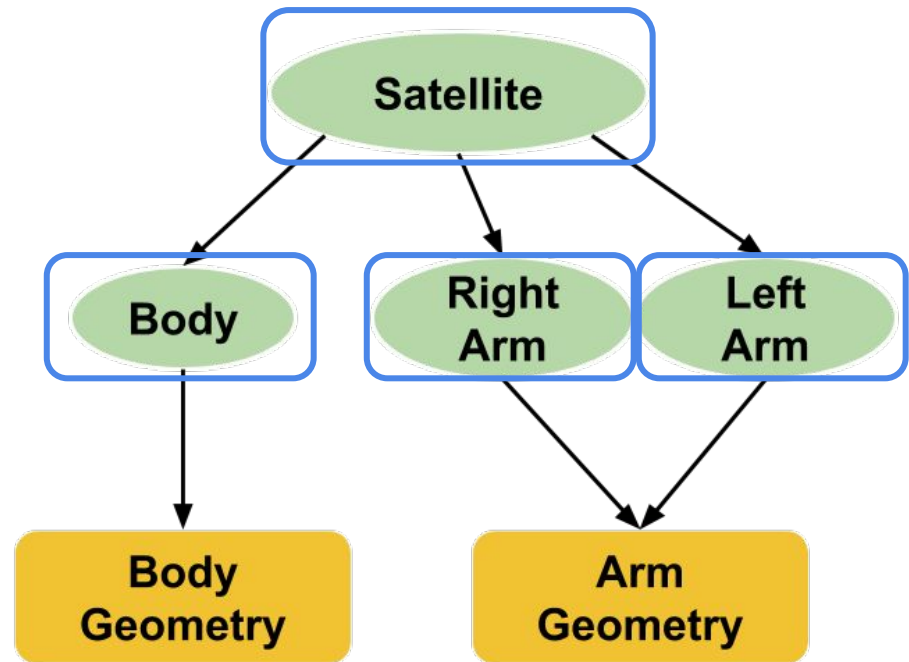
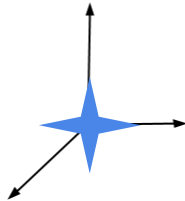
Scene Graph Drawing

`Satellite->draw(X)`

\Rightarrow `Body->draw(X*I)`

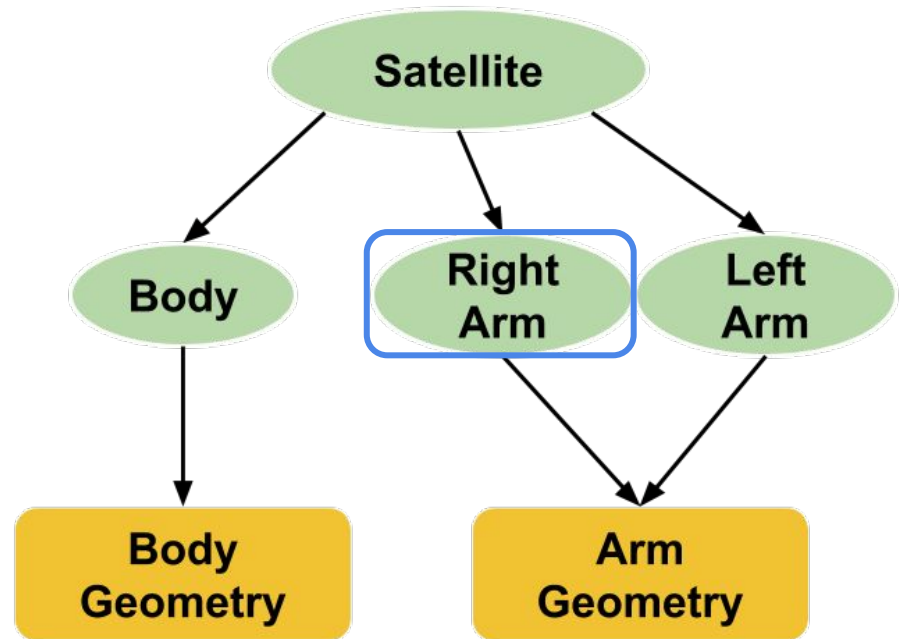
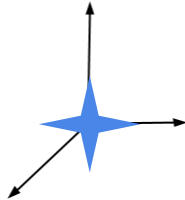
\Rightarrow `Rarm->draw(X*I)`

\Rightarrow `Larm->draw(X*I)`



Scene Graph Drawing

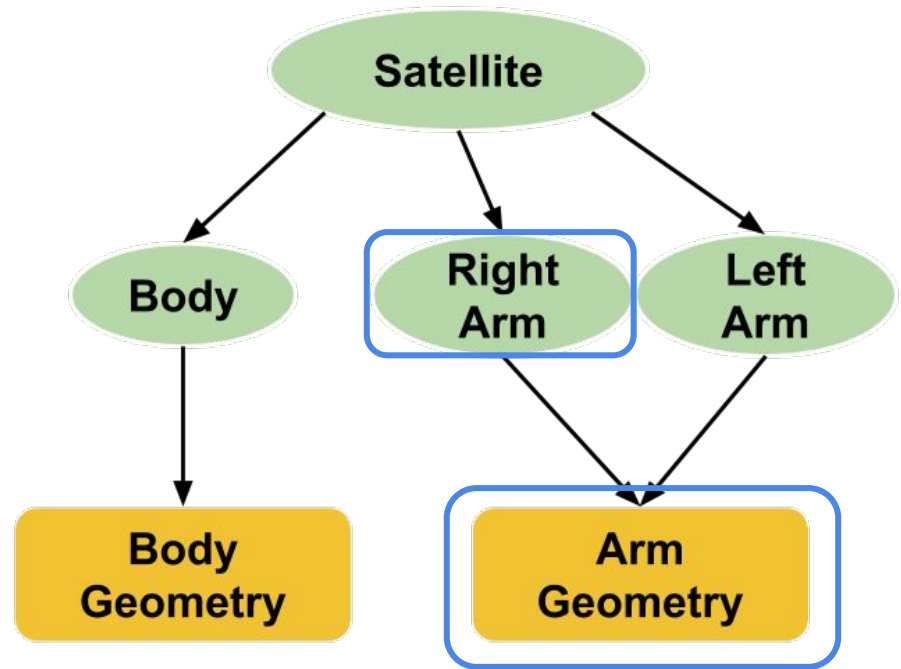
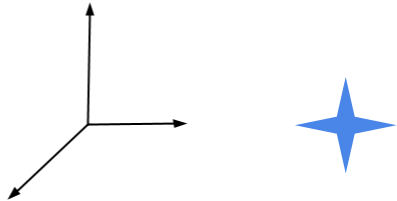
Rarm \rightarrow draw (X*I)



Scene Graph Drawing

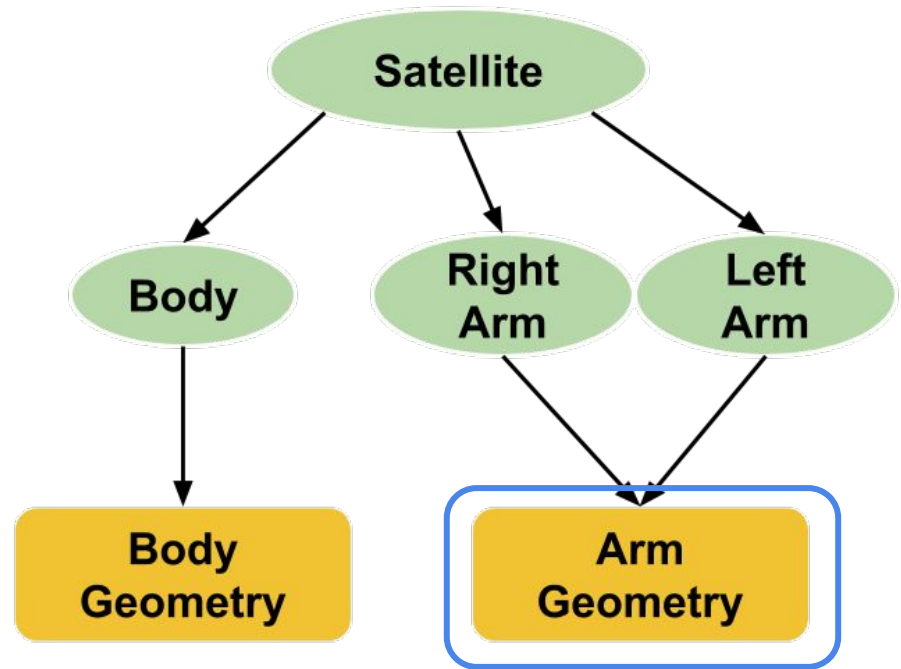
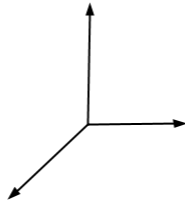
$R_{arm} \rightarrow \text{draw}(X * I)$

$\Rightarrow \text{armGeo} \rightarrow \text{draw}(X * I * T_2)$



Scene Graph Drawing

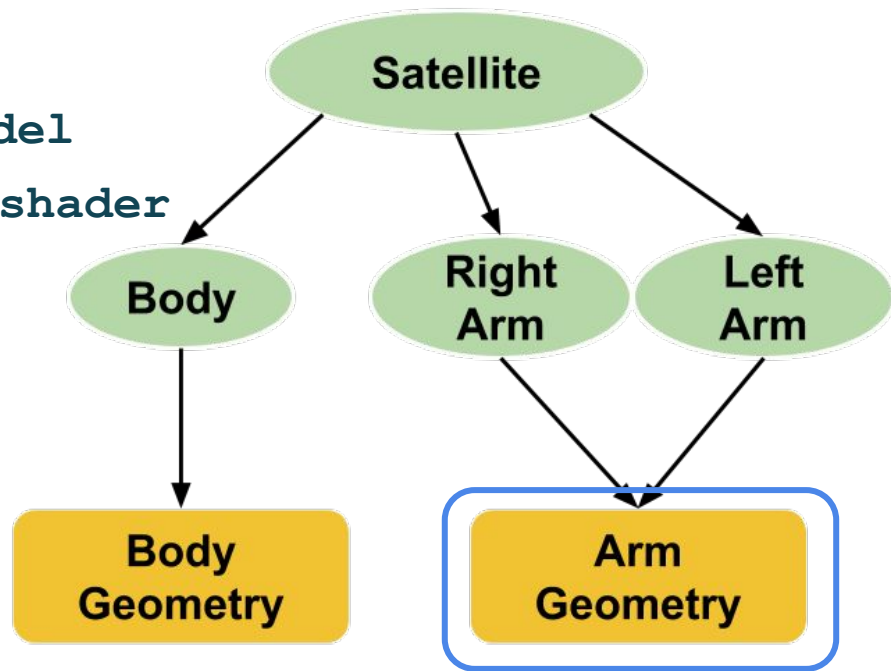
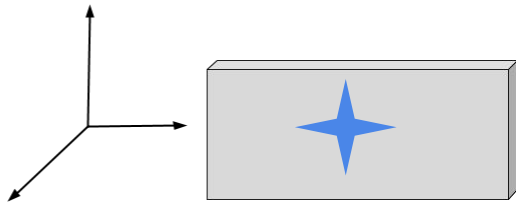
`armGeo->draw (X*I*T2)`



Scene Graph

Drawing

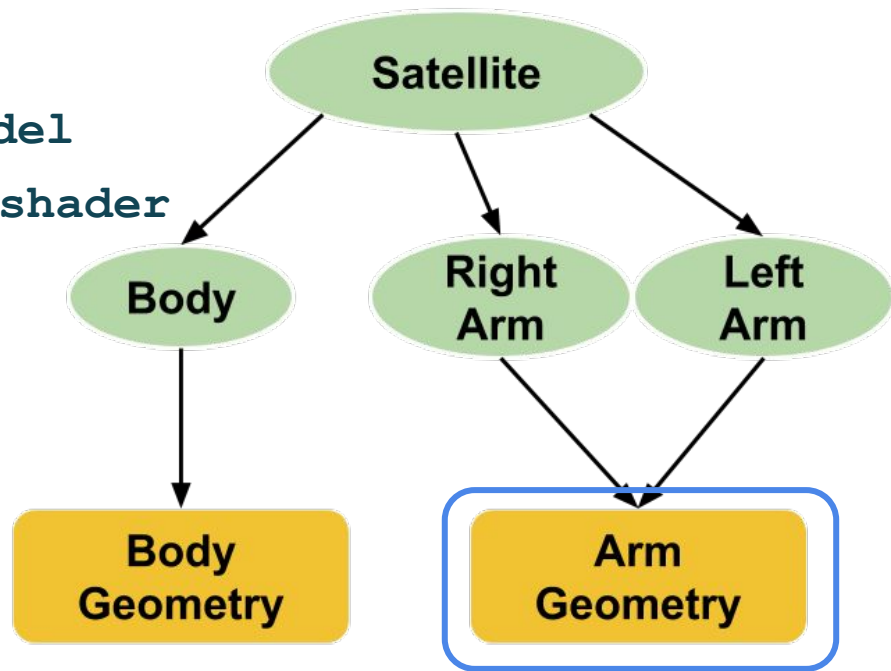
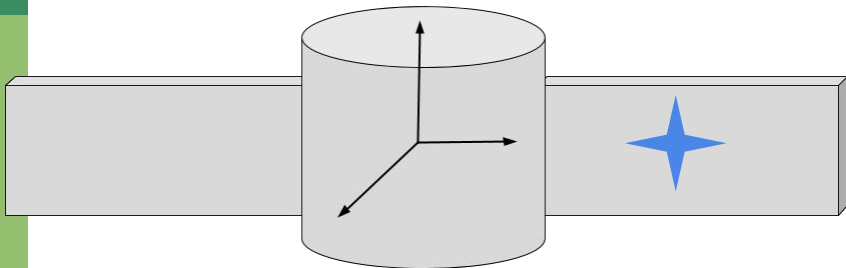
```
armGeo->draw( $X * I * T_2$ )  
=> model =  $X * I * T_2 * \text{initModel}$   
=> send model matrix to shader  
=> glDrawElements(...)
```



Scene Graph

Drawing

```
armGeo->draw(X*I*T2)  
=> model = X*I*T2*initModel  
=> send model matrix to shader  
=> glDrawElements(...)
```



Scene Graph

Drawing

- Transform draw call:
 - Loop through children
 - Call draw on all kids, passing:
 - ShaderProgram
 - So can pass the model matrix to the shader
 - Matrix
 - So we know where to draw the object

Scene Graph

Drawing

- Geometry draw call:
 - Calculate toWorld matrix
 - Based on the passed in matrix and the geometry's initial model matrix
 - Send that toWorld matrix to the shader
 - `glDrawElements(...)`



Creating your Robots

Creating Robot

- Given Robot parts:
 - ☐ Head, body, limb, eye ...
- Requirements:
 - ☐ Need to use at least 3 different body parts
 - ☐ 4 in total
 - ☐ 3 need to move independently from each other and be connected to the 4th part
 - ☐ Get Creative!

Creating Robot

- Create your Robot using
 - Geometry nodes to load the obj files
 - Transform nodes to place the parts and create your Robot



Rotating Camera

Rotating Camera

- Need to be able to move your camera
 - Modify trackball to rotate the camera instead
- In PA2:
 - Found the angle and axis of rotation with trackball mapping
 - Applied rotation matrix to the bunny

Rotating Camera

- For PA3:
 - Find the angle and axis of rotation with trackball mapping
 - Apply rotation to the Camera's direction Vector
 - Update the Camera Matrix (View matrix)
 - Send the matrix to the shader

```
// View matrix, defined by eye, center and up.  
glm::mat4 Window::view = glm::lookAt(Window::eye, Window::center, Window::up);
```



Animating Robots

Animating Robot

- Need 3 limbs to move independent of each other
- Need to make your Robot walk
 - Walking in place is OK
- How?
 - Need to apply/update transformation nodes
 - Want cyclic motion for walking...
- Where?
 - With the rest of our update calls

Animating Robot

- Where?
 - initialize_objects()
 - Build Robot/Robot Army
 - display_callback()
 - Draw on root node (root->draw(...))
 - idle_callback()
 - Update calls (root->update(...))

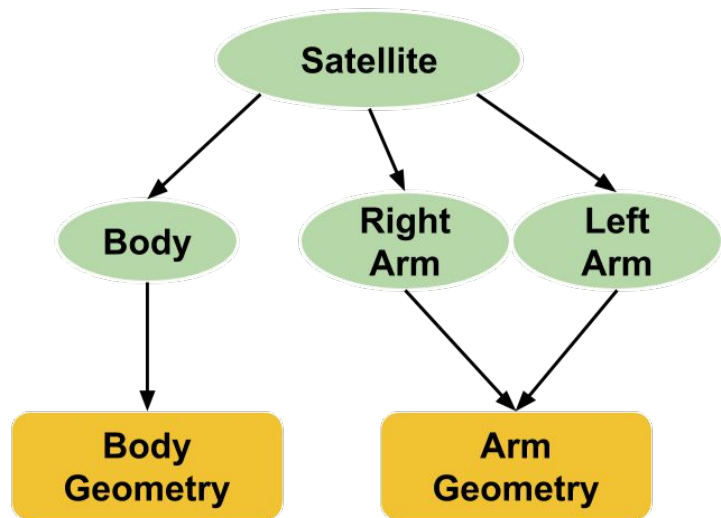


Creating Robot Army

Robot Army

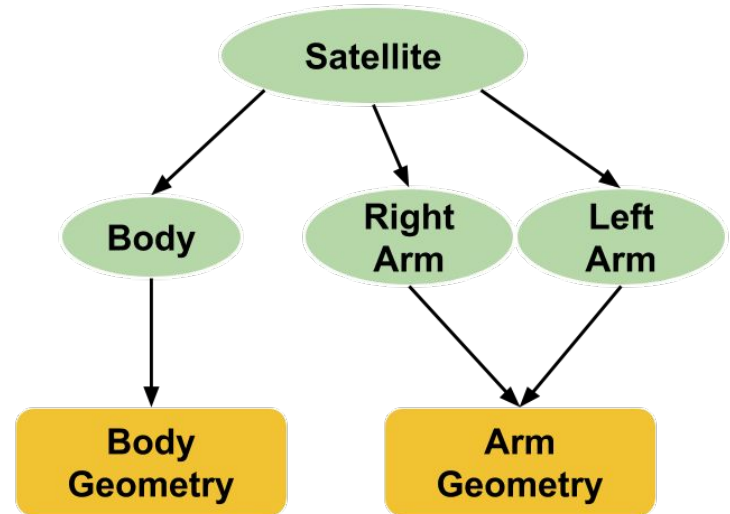
- Need at least 100 robots
 - ☐ Identical clones
 - ☐ Place in a 2D grid (10x10)
 - ☐ Make sure all of them are animated
- Camera Movement
 - ☐ Rotate the camera with trackball
 - ☐ Zoom in and out (with scrolling)

Robot Army



Robot Army

```
SatelliteParty = new Transform(I)
```



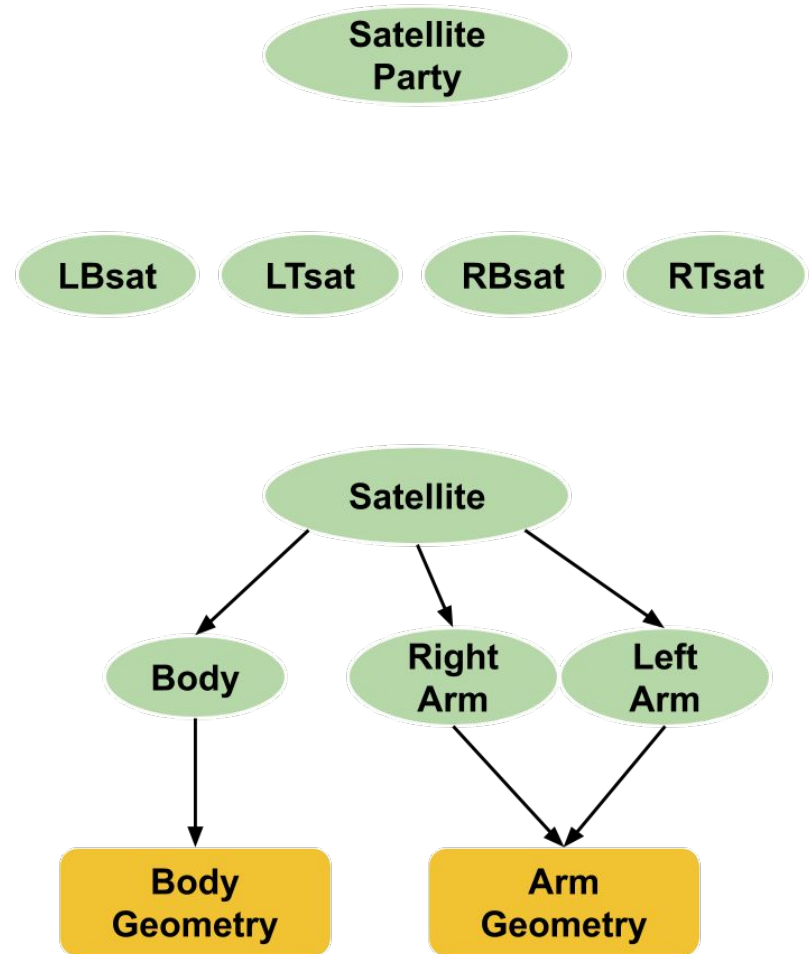
Robot Army

`LBsat = new Transform(T'1)`

`LTsat = new Transform(T'2)`

`RBsat = new Transform(T'3)`

`RTsat = new Transform(T'4)`



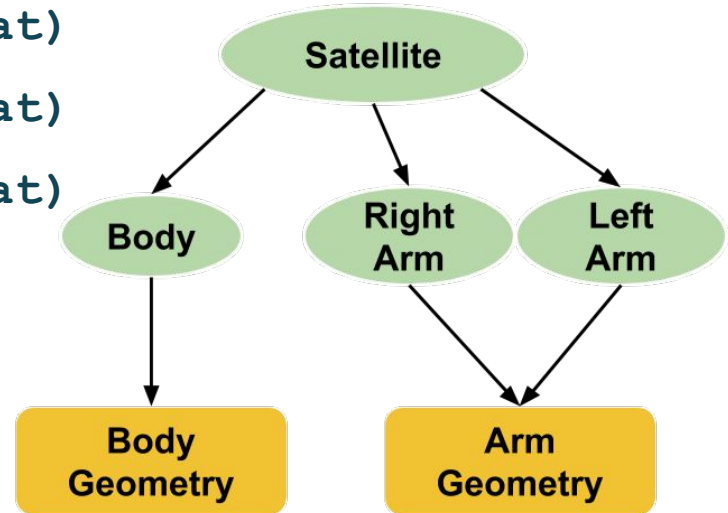
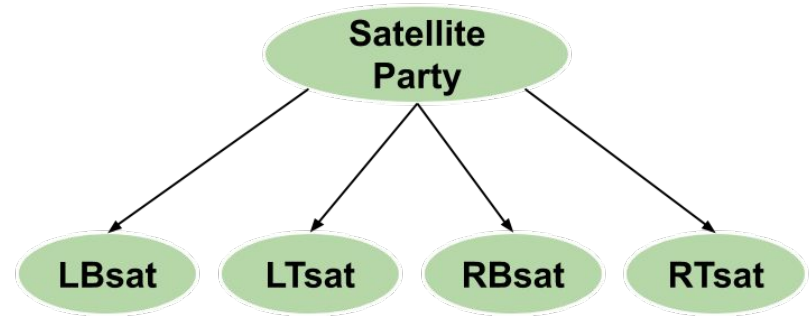
Robot Army

```
SatelliteParty.addChild(LBsat)
```

```
SatelliteParty.addChild(LTsat)
```

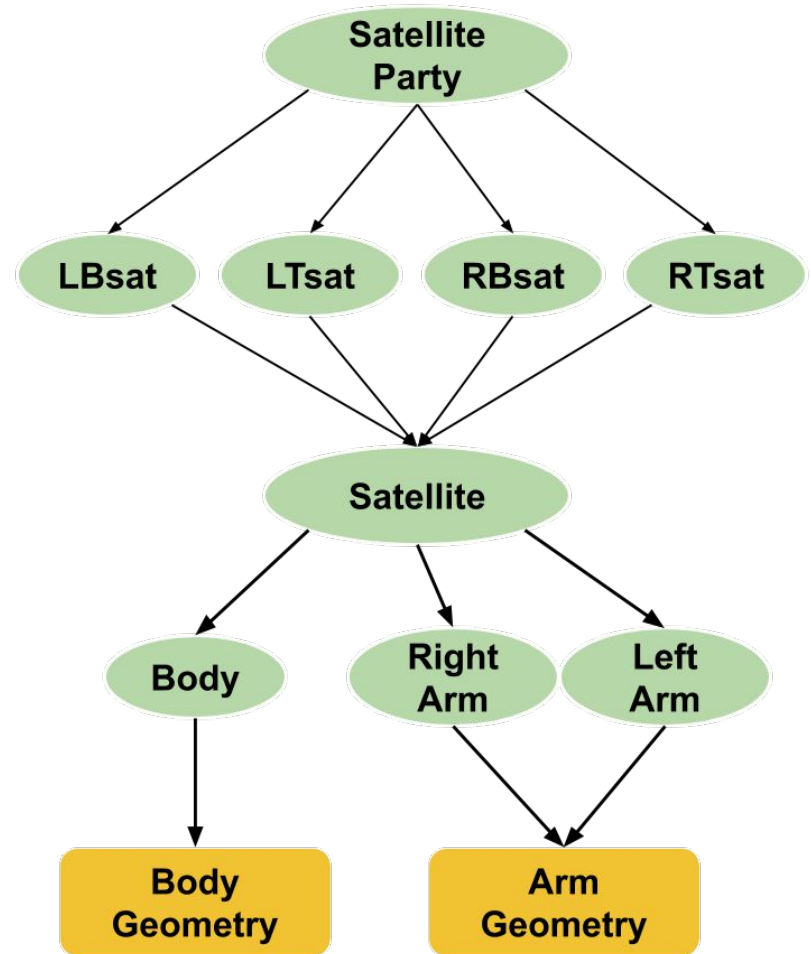
```
SatelliteParty.addChild(RBsat)
```

```
SatelliteParty.addChild(RTsat)
```



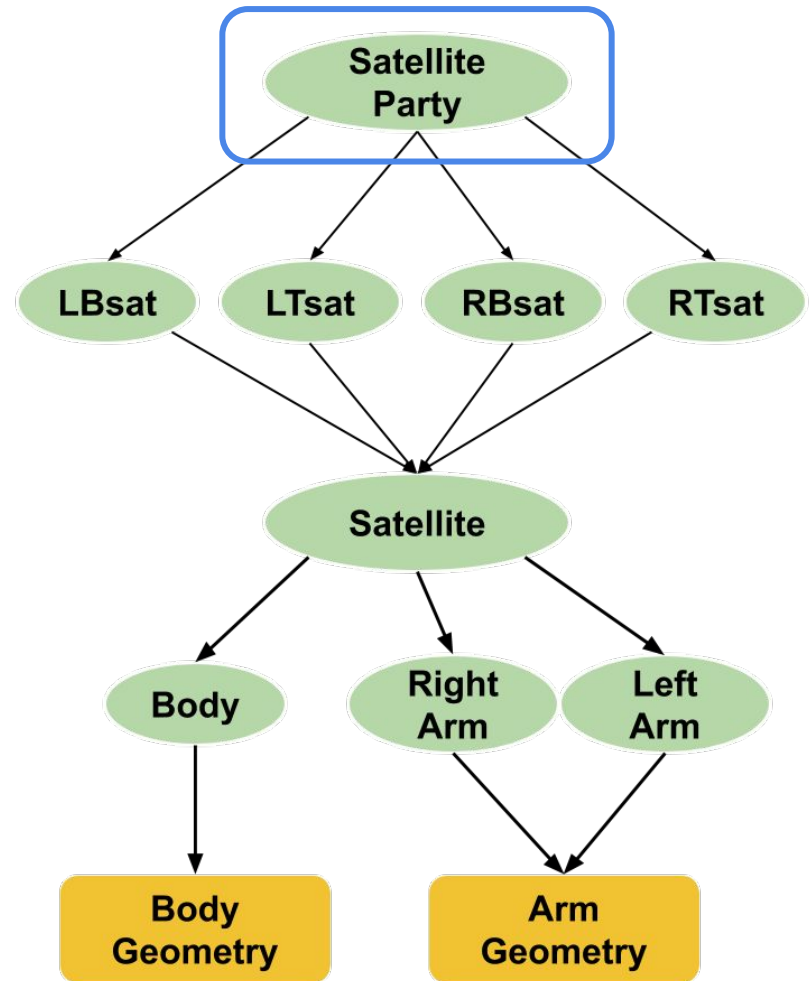
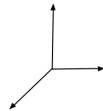
Robot Army

```
LBsat.addChild(Satellite)  
LTsat.addChild(Satellite)  
RBsat.addChild(Satellite)  
RTsat.addChild(Satellite)
```



Robot Army

SatelliteParty->draw(I)

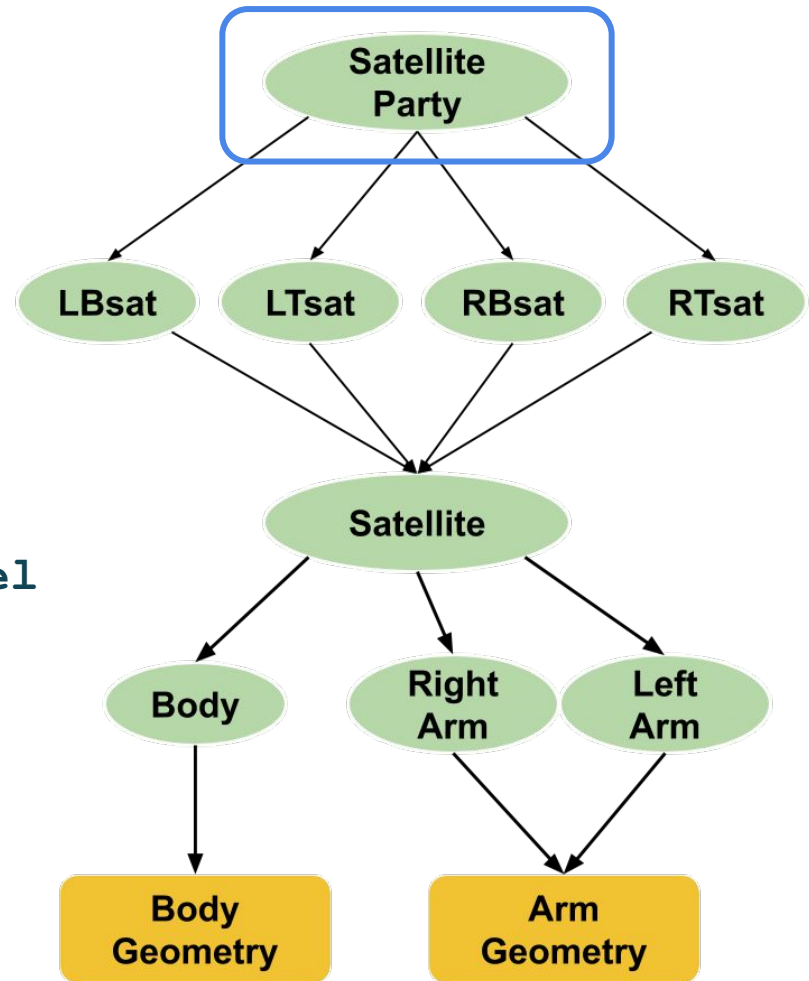
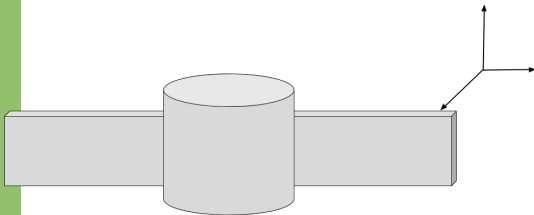


Robot Army

`SatelliteParty->draw(I)`

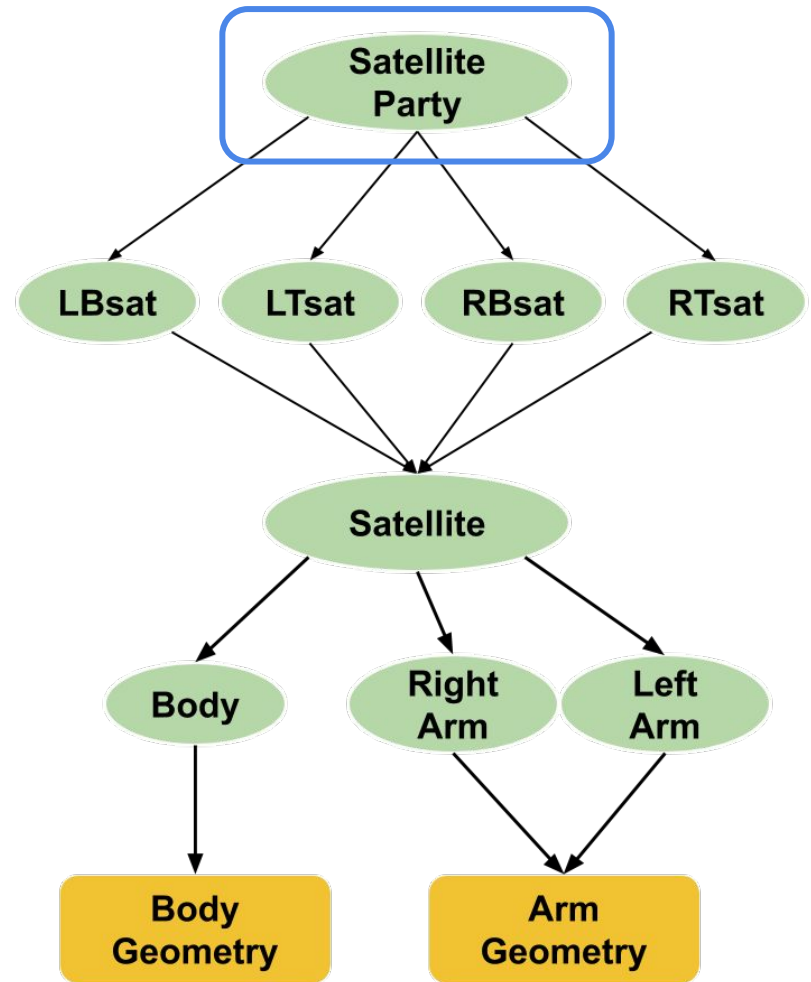
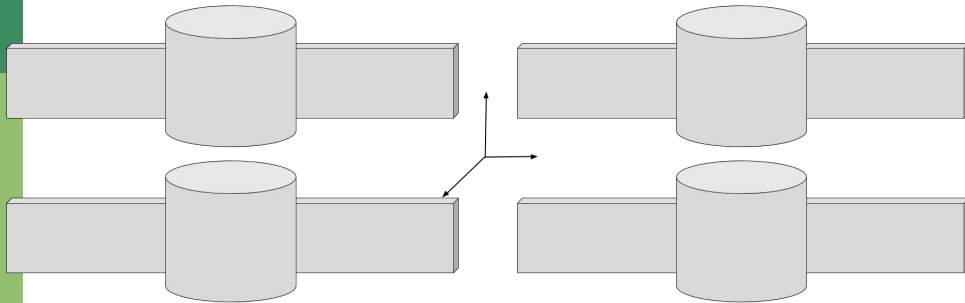
...

`model = I*T'_1*I*T_2*initModel`



Robot Army

SatelliteParty->draw(I)



Robot Army

- Note:
 - Only load the objects 1x
 - ie. if using the limb twice, we just load it one time
 - Only one instance of robot for the entire army
 - Draw many robots because we add it as a child to many Transformation nodes

Questions?