CSE 165: 3D User Interaction

Lecture #12: Travel Jürgen Schulze

CSE 165 - 3DUI - Winter 2014

Paper Presentations Today

- Dylan Mccarthy
 - Efficient Selection of Multiple Objects on a Large Scale
- Rex West
 - iAR: an exploratory augmented reality system for mobile devices

Paper Presentations Next Lecture

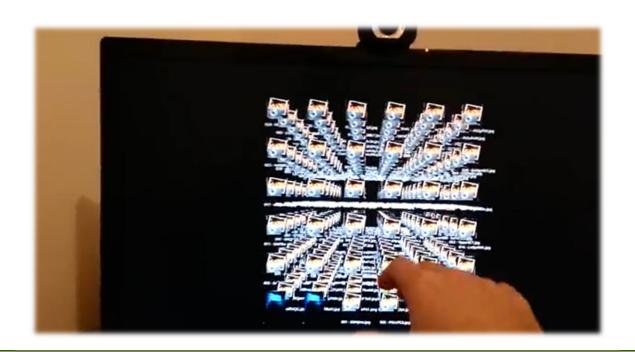
- Kevin Waite
 - Optimizing the Performances of a P300-Based Brain–Computer Interface in Ambulatory Condition
- Eric Wong
 - Latency and avatars in Virtual Environments and the effects on gait for persons with mobility impairments

Announcements

- Homework assignment #3
 - Due Friday Feb 21st at 1:30pm in CSE lab 260

Holotouch File Browser

 http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mPK dTMmdQ9A



Travel Continued

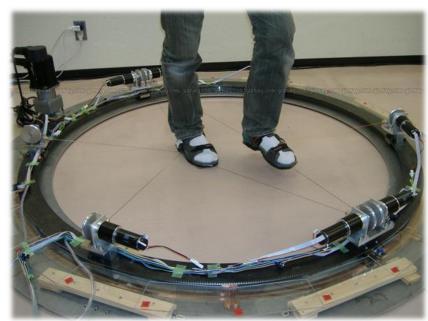
Gait Master

- Video
 - http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RDDH1 iqoDzU



String Walker

- Video from Emerging Technologies, SIGGRAPH 2007
 - http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hyLKjyL -Dw8



Steering Techniques

- Continuous specification of direction of motion
 - o gaze-directed
 - pointing
 - torso-directed
 - o camera-in-hand
 - physical device (steering wheel, flight stick)

Steering - Gaze-Directed

- Move viewpoint in direction of "gaze"
- Gaze direction determined from head tracker
- Cognitively simple
- Doesn't allow user to look to the side while traveling

Pointing Technique

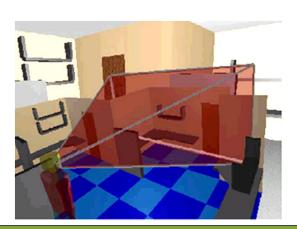
- Also a steering technique
- Use hand tracker instead of head tracker
- Slightly more complex, cognitively
- Allows travel and gaze in different directions – good for relative motion

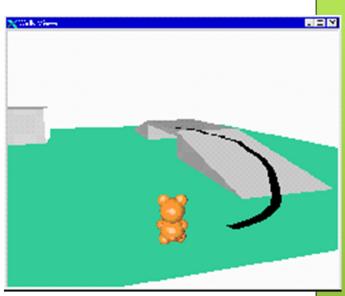
Pointing Implementation

- Each frame while moving:
 - Get hand tracker information
 - Do exactly the same calculations as in gaze-directed steering, only use hand coordinates instead of head coordinates

Route-Planning

- One-time specification of path
 - draw path
 - o points along path
 - manipulating user representation





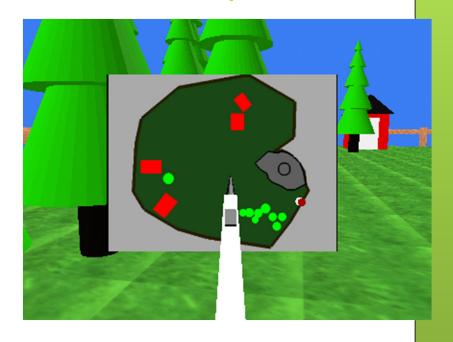


Target-Based Techniques

- Discrete specification of goal
 - point at object
 - choose from list
 - o enter coordinates
- Map/WIM-based target specification

Map-Based Travel Techniques

- User represented by icon on 2D map
- Drag icon with stylus to new location on map
- When released, viewpoint animated smoothly to new location



Manual Manipulation – Grabbing the Air Technique

- Use hand gestures to move yourself through the world
- Metaphor of pulling a rope
- Can be 1-handed, but often a 2-handed technique
- Works well with Pinch Gloves or Hydra controllers

Viewpoint Orientation Techniques

- Head tracking
- Orbital viewing
- Non-isomorphic rotation
- Virtual sphere

CastAR Kickstarter Project

• https://www.kickstarter.com/projects/technicalillus
ions/castar-the-most-versatile-ar-and-vr-system



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System Control

Universal 3D Interaction Tasks

- Selection
- Manipulation
- Navigation
 - Wayfinding cognitive component
 - Travel motor component
- System control
- Symbolic input

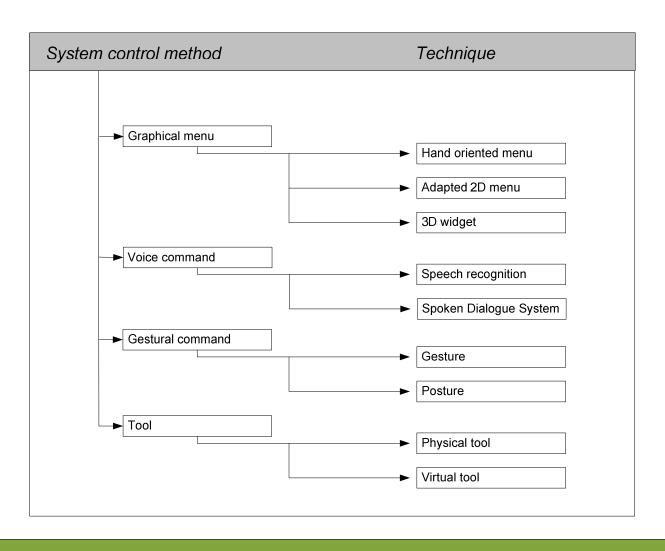
System Control

- Often considered glue of 3D UI
- Commands are issued to
 - request system to perform a particular function
 - change interaction mode
 - change system state

Human Factors and System Control

- Learn from mechanical systems
 - Transfer of mechanical energy or information to a system for performing control actions
 - Control-body linkage:
 - interaction between control device and human body
- Effectiveness of control-body linkage
 - human experience, training
 - shape and size of control
 - visual representation and labeling
 - methods of selection

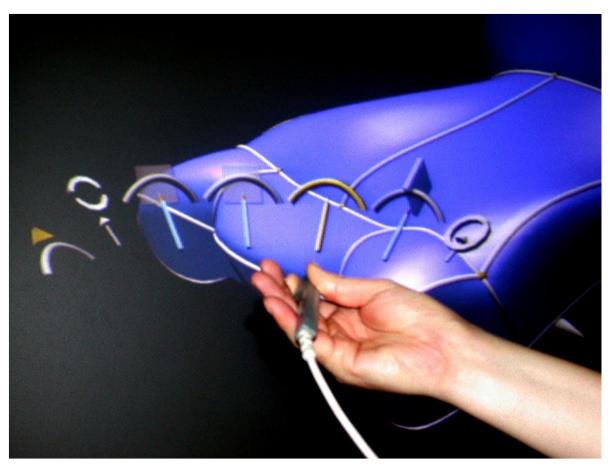
Classification



Graphical Menus – Adapted 2D Menus

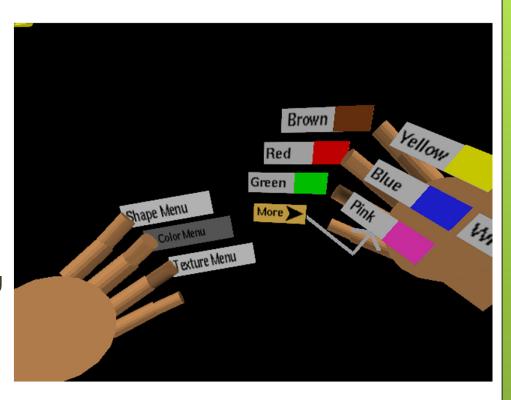


Graphical Menus – 1-DOF Menus

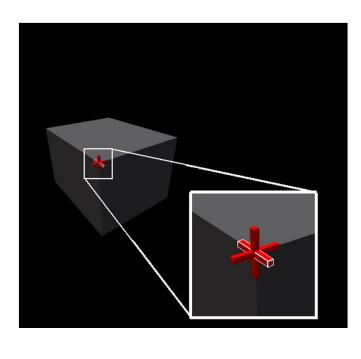


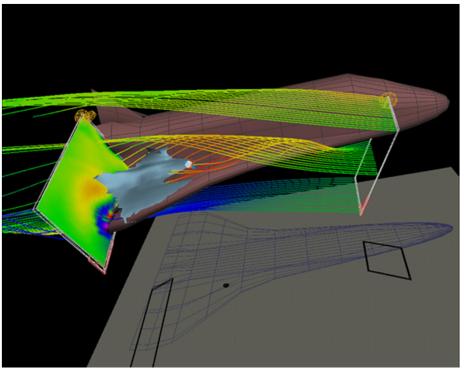
Graphical Menus – TULIP

- Uses pinch gloves
- Limited to 16 menu items
 - o 8 per hand
- More than 16 menu items possible with "more" option on pinky finger



Graphical Menus – 3D Widgets (1)





Graphical Menus – 3D Widgets (2)

Command and Control Cube

