

CSE 167:  
Introduction to Computer Graphics  
Lecture #18: SSAO, Glow

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# Announcements

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- ▶ Thursday, Dec 13: Final project presentations in EBU-3B room 1202, 3-6pm
- ▶ Move CSE 190 (3D User Interfaces)
  - ▶ Currently scheduled for Mon/Wed 11-12:20
  - ▶ Conflicts with CSE 105 and CSE 141
  - ▶ Alternatives:
    - ▶ Mon/Wed 12:30-1:50pm
    - ▶ Mon/Wed 2-3:20pm
    - ▶ Tue/Thu 11-12:20pm
    - ▶ Tue/Thu 12:30-1:50pm
    - ▶ Tue/Thu 2-3:20pm

# Lecture Overview

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- ▶ Screen Space Ambient Occlusion
- ▶ Bloom
- ▶ Glow

# Screen Space Ambient Occlusion

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- ▶ Screen Space Ambient Occlusion is abbreviated as SSAO
- ▶ Rendering technique for approximating ambient occlusion in real time
- ▶ Developed by Vladimir Kajalin while working at Crytek
- ▶ First use in 2007 PC game Crysis



# Ambient Occlusion

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- ▶ Attempts to approximate global illumination
  - ▶ Very crude approximation
- ▶ Unlike local methods like Phong shading, ambient occlusion is a global method
  - ▶ Illumination at each point is a function of other geometry in the scene
- ▶ Appearance achieved by ambient occlusion is similar to the way an object appears on an overcast day
  - ▶ Example: arm pit is hit by a lot less light than top of head
- ▶ In the industry, ambient occlusion is often referred to as "sky light"

# SSAO Demo

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- ▶ Screen Space Ambient Occlusion (SSAO) in Crysis
  - ▶ <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ifdAILHTcZk>



# Basic SSAO Algorithm

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- ▶ Copy frame buffer to texture
- ▶ Pixel shader samples depth values around current pixel and tries to compute amount of occlusion
- ▶ Occlusion depends on depth difference between sampled point and current point
- ▶ Algorithm based on Deferred Shading approach



*Ambient occlusion values in red color channel*  
*Source: [www.gamerendering.com](http://www.gamerendering.com)*

# Deferred Shading

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- ▶ Postpones shading calculations for a fragment until its visibility is completely determined
  - ▶ Only fragments that really contribute to the image are shaded
- ▶ Algorithm:
  - ▶ Fill a set of buffers with common data, such as diffuse texture, normals, material properties
  - ▶ For the lighting just render the light extents and fetch data from these buffers for the lighting computation
- ▶ Advantages:
  - ▶ Decouples lighting from geometry
  - ▶ Several lights can be applied with a single draw call: more than 1000 light sources can be rendered at 60 fps
- ▶ Disadvantages:
  - ▶ Consumes more memory, bandwidth and shader instructions than traditional rendering



*Particle system with  
glowing particles.  
Source: Humus 3D*



# SSAO With Normals

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- ▶ First pass: render depth information in a texture's alpha channel and scene normals in the RGB channels
- ▶ Use this information to render SSAO in a render target
- ▶ It uses the normals and pixel depth to compute the occlusion between current pixel and several samples around that pixel, chosen by sampling texels from depth map around it.



*No SSAO*



*With SSAO*

# SSAO Discussion

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## ▶ Advantages:

- ▶ Screen-space algorithm: independent of scene complexity
- ▶ No pre-processing, no memory allocation in RAM
- ▶ Works with dynamic scenes
- ▶ Works in the same way for every pixel
- ▶ No CPU usage: executed completely on GPU

## ▶ Disadvantages:

- ▶ Local and view-dependent (dependent on adjacent texel depths)
- ▶ Hard to correctly smooth/blur out noise without interfering with depth discontinuities, such as object edges

# References

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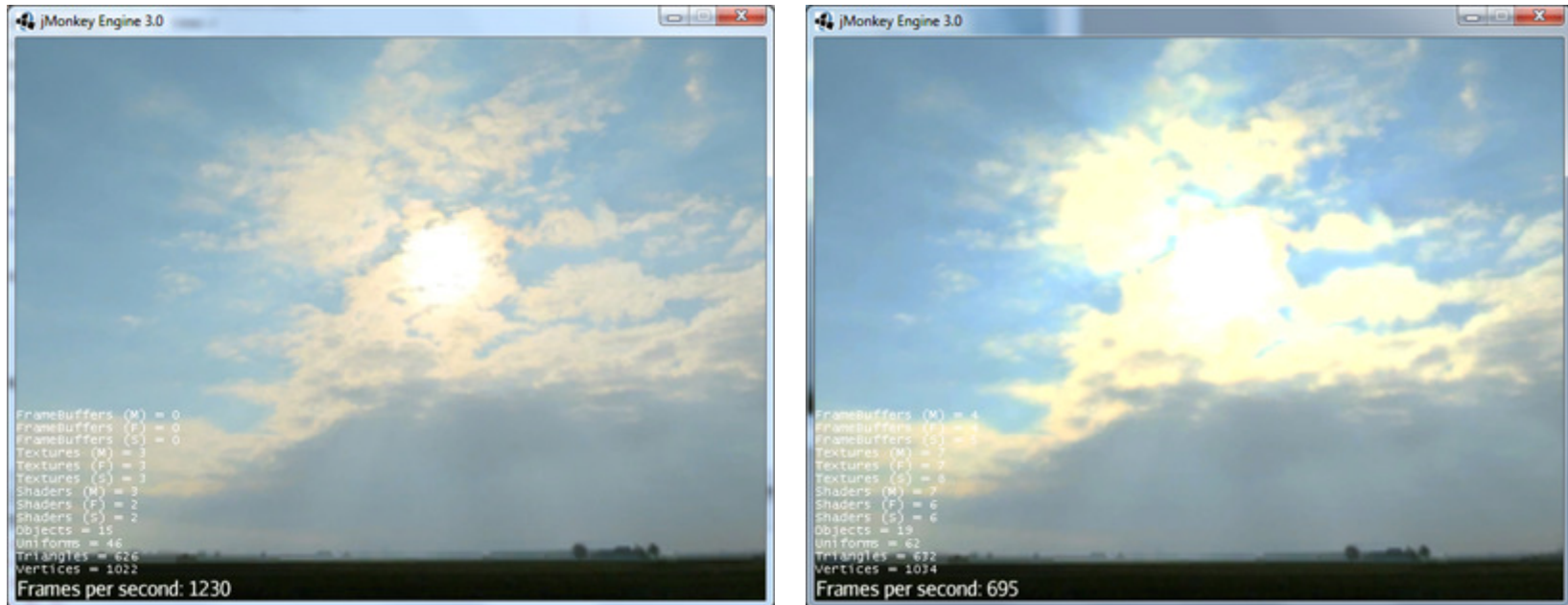
- ▶ Nvidia's documentation:
  - ▶ <http://developer.download.nvidia.com/SDK/10.5/direct3d/Source/ScreenSpaceAO/doc/ScreenSpaceAO.pdf>
- ▶ SSAO shader code from Crysis:
  - ▶ <http://69.163.227.177/forum.php?mod=viewthread&tid=772>
- ▶ Another implementation:
  - ▶ <http://www.gamerendering.com/2009/01/14/ssao/>
- ▶ Deferred Shading Tutorial:
  - ▶ [http://bat710.univ-lyon1.fr/~jciehl/Public/educ/GAMA/2007/Deferred\\_Shading\\_Tutorial\\_SBGAMES2005.pdf](http://bat710.univ-lyon1.fr/~jciehl/Public/educ/GAMA/2007/Deferred_Shading_Tutorial_SBGAMES2005.pdf)

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# Bloom Effect

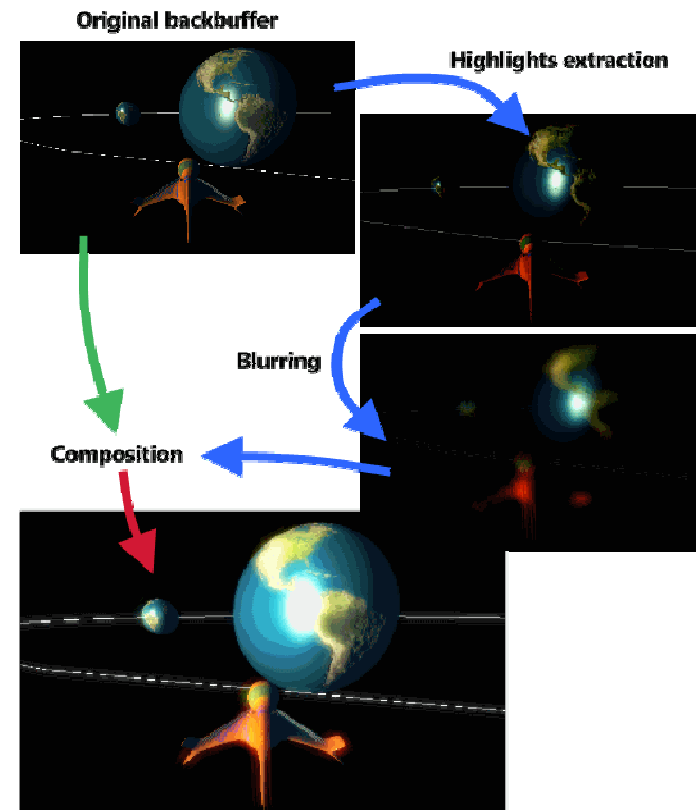


*Left: no bloom, right: bloom.*  
*Source: <http://jmonkeyengine.org>*

- ▶ Bloom gives a scene a look of bright lighting and overexposure

# Bloom Shader

- ▶ Post-processing filter: applied after scene is rendered normally
- ▶ Step 1: Extract all highlights of the rendered scene, superimpose them and make them more intense
  - ▶ Operates on back buffer
  - ▶ Often done with off-screen buffer smaller than frame buffer
  - ▶ Highlights found by thresholding
- ▶ Step 2: Blur off-screen buffer, e.g., with Gaussian blurring
- ▶ Step 3: Composite off-screen buffer with back buffer



*Bloom shader render steps.  
Source: <http://www.klopfenstein.net>*

# References

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- ▶ **Bloom Shader**

- ▶ <http://www.klopfenstein.net/lorenz.aspx/gamecomponents-the-bloom-post-processing-filter>

- ▶ **Bloom and Glow**

- ▶ [http://jmonkeyengine.org/wiki/doku.php/jme3:advanced:bloom\\_and\\_glow](http://jmonkeyengine.org/wiki/doku.php/jme3:advanced:bloom_and_glow)

# Lecture Overview

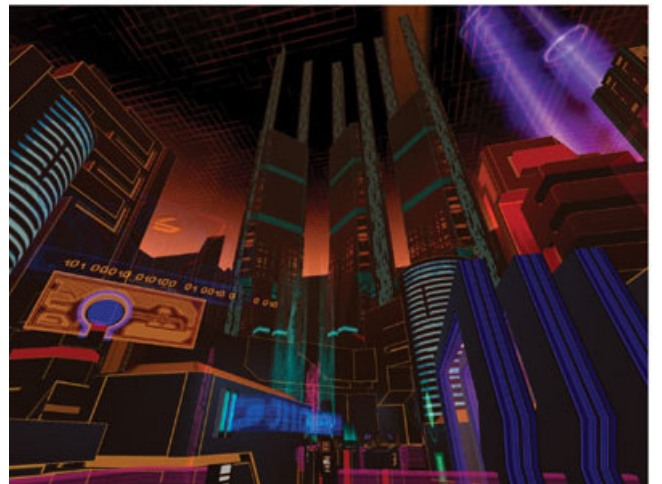
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- ▶ Screen Space Ambient Occlusion
- ▶ Bloom
- ▶ **Glow**



# Glow Effects

- ▶ Glows and halos of light appear everywhere in the world
- ▶ They provide powerful visual cues about brightness and atmosphere
- ▶ In computer graphics, the intensity of light reaching the eye is limited, so the only way to distinguish intense sources of light is by their surrounding glow and halos
- ▶ In everyday life, glows and halos are caused by light scattering in the atmosphere or within our eyes



*A cityscape with and without glow.  
Source: GPU Gems*

# Glow and Bloom

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- ▶ Bloom filter looks for highlights automatically, based on a threshold value
- ▶ If you want to have more control over what glows and does not glow, a glow filter is needed
- ▶ Glow filter adds an additional step to Bloom filter: instead of thresholding, only the glowing objects are rendered
- ▶ Render passes:
  - ▶ Render entire scene back buffer
  - ▶ Render only glowing objects to a smaller off-screen glow buffer
  - ▶ Apply a bloom pixel shader to glow buffer
  - ▶ Compose back buffer and glow buffer together

# References

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- ▶ GPU Gems Chapter on Glow

- ▶ [http://http.developer.nvidia.com/GPUGems/gpugems\\_ch21.html](http://http.developer.nvidia.com/GPUGems/gpugems_ch21.html)

- ▶ GLSL Shader for Gaussian Blur

- ▶ [http://www.ozone3d.net/tutorials/image\\_filtering\\_p2.php](http://www.ozone3d.net/tutorials/image_filtering_p2.php)

# Videos

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- ▶ ACM Siggraph Asia, 28.11.-1.12.2012 in Singapore (3:18)
  - ▶ <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=l8lMqEWMR-g>
- ▶ ACM Siggraph, July 21-25, 2013, Anaheim
  - ▶ Student volunteer application deadline: Feb 5, 2013



- ▶ Crytek Shows Off the Future of Game Graphics (2:54)
  - ▶ <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dEBuJK-7L5o>
- ▶ Corning – A Day Made of Glass (5:59)
  - ▶ <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jZkHpNnXLB0>